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THE FIELDS INSTITUTE FOR RESEARCH IN MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

GEOMETRIC MECHANICS SEMINARS

SPEAKER:

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 TU Clausthal, Germany

On the Topic:

"Reproducing Kernel Hilbert Spaces and their Relation to Quantisation Methods"

Let X be a locally compact space, and \mathcal{H} a separable Hilbert space. A reproducing kernel is a map $K : X \times X \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$ with the following properties:

- $\forall x \in X, K(\cdot, x) \in \mathcal{H}$,
- $\forall x \in X \forall \psi \in \mathcal{H}, \psi(x) = (K(\cdot, x)\psi)$, where (\cdot, \cdot) denotes the inner product in \mathcal{H}

\mathcal{H} together with the map K is called a reproducing kernel Hilbert space.

We exhibit two regimes in which reproducing kernel Hilbert spaces emerge as a natural tool while quantising a physical system.

In the first case we give a quantisation rule given by means of a positive operator valued measure of the phase space of a physical system. Under the assumption that the positive operator valued measure possesses a density, we may then realise it as positive operator valued measure on reproducing kernel Hilbert space. As a consequence the observables of the system are realised in terms of the reproducing kernel.

In the second case the kernel is used to construct a quantisation of both the states as well as the observables of the system in question.

Tuesday, April 27, 1993

3:30 pm, room 3018, at The Fields Institute